Traffic Monitoring and Enforcement for ISPs and Service Providers

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Who am I

- ntop founder (http://www.ntop.org): company that develops open-source network security and visibility tools.
- Author of various open source software tools and contributor to popular tools (e.g. Suricata and Wireshark).



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Presentation Overview

- This talks reports the lessons learnt while monitoring networks of various ISPs, cloud and service providers.
- Operational requirements change according to the customer so we summarise our experience.
- Most of the tools reported in this presentation are home-grown and open source whose code is available on GitHub.



Monitoring Requirements

- Internet Service Providers
 - Prevent the network from collapsing (mostly DDoS).
 - Visibility of the main network activities in order to understand traffic flows (routing/AS-level, not host).
 - Device monitoring (interface drops, state changes).
- Service/Cloud/Hosting Providers
 - Monitor core services (e.g. DNS, email).
 - Detect severe source of troubles (e.g. heavy spammers) in order to avoid decreasing the <u>overall</u> <u>network reputation</u>.



Cybersecurity in Datacenters

- Contrary to companies where everything has to be policed, in ISPs and Providers the goal is NOT to completely cleanup traffic but keep the network infrastructure healthy by:
 - Mitigating volumetric attacks.
 - Identify and quarantine infected hosts that are potentially dangerous for the whole infrastructure.
 - Block/report suspicious activities by providing customers a detailed report in order them to address the issue.



Monitoring Goal: Anticipate



Picture courtesy of switch.ch



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https://github.com/ntop/

(D)DoS Mitigation and Detection

- All modern networks are DDoS-protected by the carriers or by leveraging on DDoS-mitigation companies.
- By nature, DDoS-mitigation is coarse, as protection mechanisms and not permanent but are enabled when specific network conditions are met.
- •The outcome is that volumetric attacks not too heavy (e.g. in the 1 Gbit range, or targeting a few specific host/services) are <u>not mitigated</u>. This puts pressure on the infrastructure (e.g. the firewall), can block specific customers, and increase operational costs due to the need to buy more powerful equipment than necessary.



DPI at 100 Gbit [1/3]

- DPI (Deep Packet Inspection) enables the inspection of packet payload in order to extract metadata and characterise traffic.
- Commercial DPI libraries are often quite expensive in price, and do not cope with high-speed (> 10 Gbit).
- •Network administrators are used (often due to limitations of leading hardware manufacturers) to monitor sampled data with not DPI information.
- In 2022 we need <u>full visibility with DPI and ETA</u>.



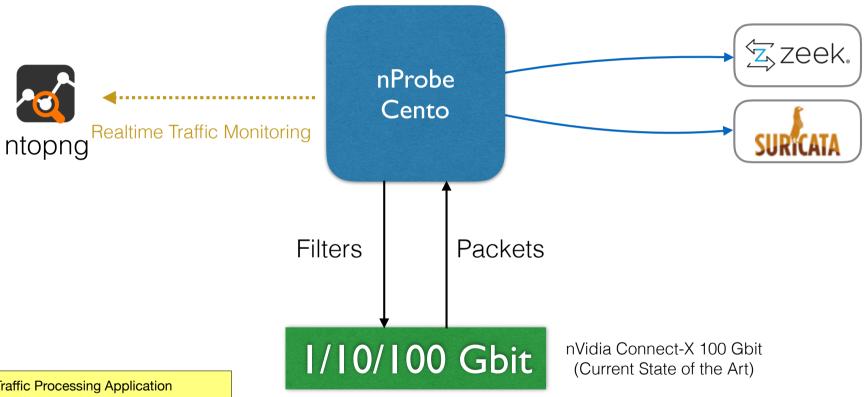
DPI at 100 Gbit [2/3]

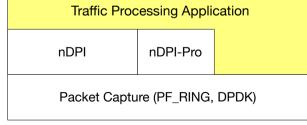
•nDPI is a GNU LGPL DPI ntop develops: 300+ protocols supported, ETA and cybersecurity traffic analysis by means of flow risk analysis.

| Id Risk | Severity | Score | CliScore | SrvScore |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------|----------|----------|
| 1 XSS Attack | Severe | 250 | 225 | 25 |
| 2 SQL Injection | Severe | 250 | 225 | 25 |
| 3 RCE Injection | Severe | 250 | 225 | 25 |
| 4 Binary App Transfer | Severe | 250 | 125 | 125 |
| 5 Known Proto on Non Std Port | Medium | 50 | 25 | 25 |
| 6 Self-signed Cert | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| 7 Obsolete TLS (v1.1 or older) | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| 8 Weak TLS Cipher | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| 9 TLS Cert Expired | High | 100 | 10 | 90 |
| 10 TLS Cert Mismatch | High | 100 | 50 | 50 |
| 11 HTTP Suspicious User-Agent | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| 12 HTTP Numeric IP Address | Low | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 13 HTTP Suspicious URL | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| 14 HTTP Suspicious Header | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| * | | | | |
| 39 Text With Non-Printable Chars | High | 100 | 90 | 10 |
| 40 Possible Exploit | Severe | 250 | 225 | 25 |
| 41 TLS Cert About To Expire | Medium | 50 | 5 | 45 |
| 42 IDN Domain Name | Low | 10 | 1 | 9 |
| 43 Error Code | Low | 10 | 1 | 9 |
| 44 Crawler/Bot | Low | 10 | 1 | 9 |
| 45 Anonymous Subscriber | Medium | 50 | 25 | 25 |
| 46 Unidirectional Traffic | Low | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| | | | | |



DPI at 100 Gbit [3/3]

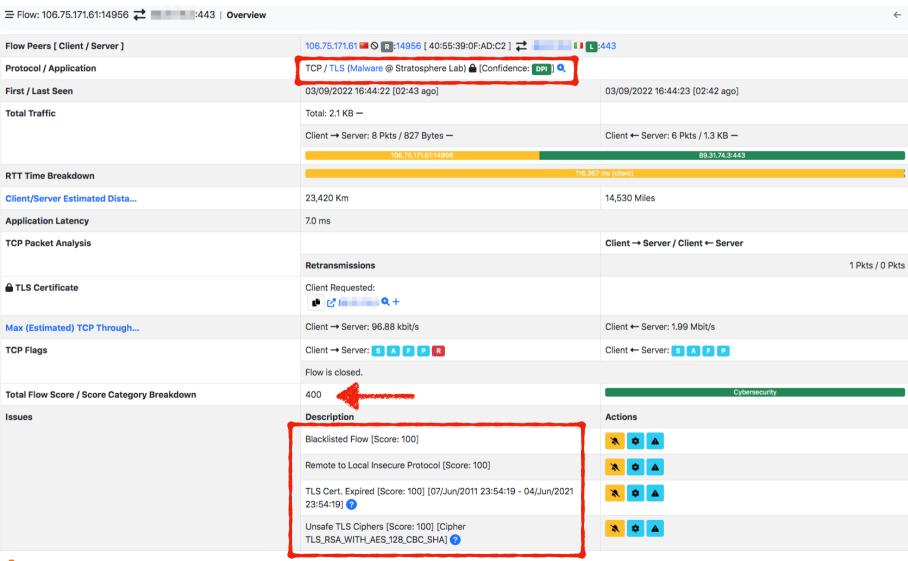




NOTE: When packets are not available, flow collection can also work but it will offer <u>limited visibility</u> due to sampling and lack of DPI

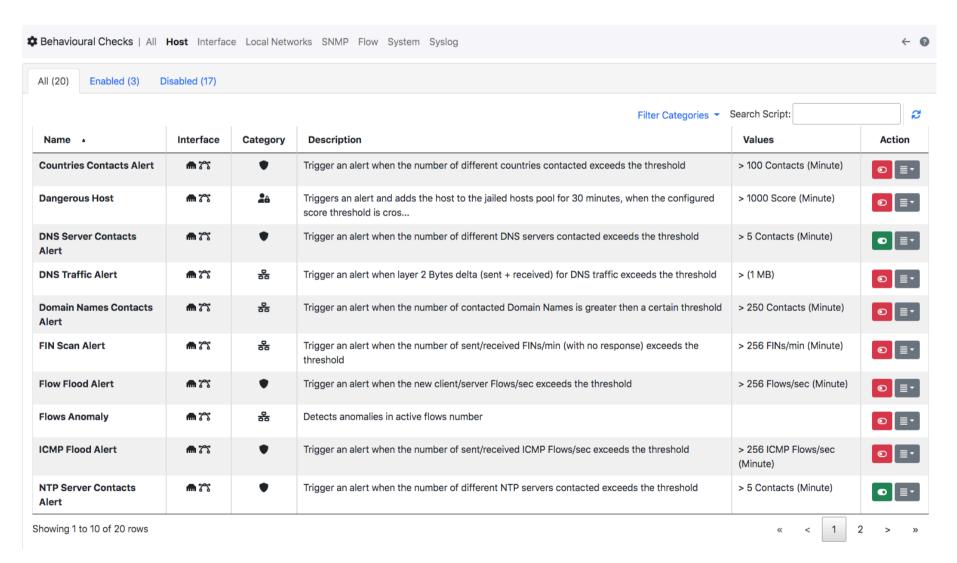


Combining Visibility with ETA



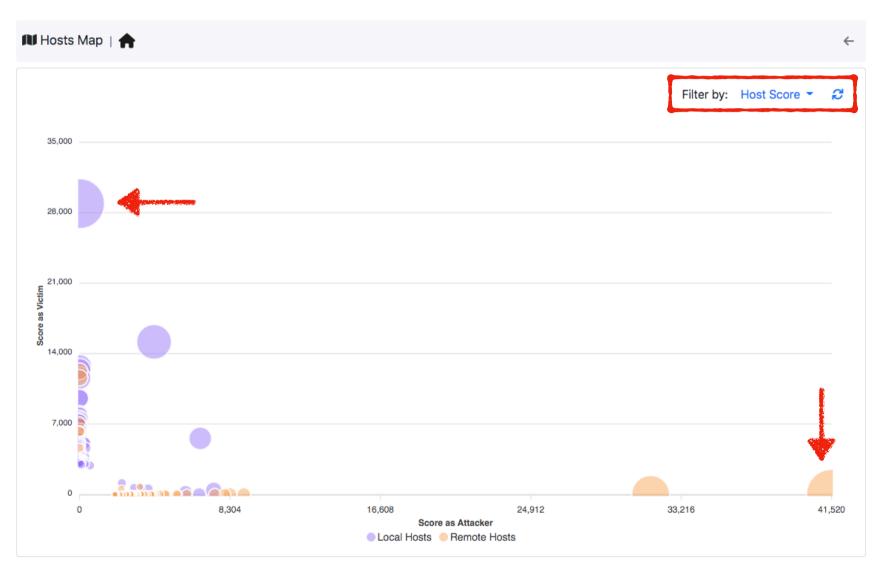


Analysing Traffic Behaviour





Spotting Issues [1/3]

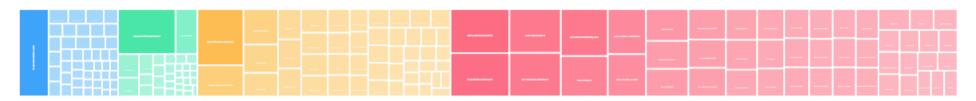




Spotting Issues [2/3]

Networks

Networks Score



10 -

| Network Name | Chart | Hosts | Score | Alerted Flows | Breakdown Throughput | | Traffic |
|--------------|----------|-------|---------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 89.: /21 | <u></u> | 1435 | 465,051 | 0 | Sent Rcvd | 952.95 Mbit/s | 361.04 GB |
| 194.: //24 | <u></u> | 138 | 55,497 | 0 | Sent Rcvd | 38.88 Mbit/s | 38.73 GB |
| 185. /22 | <u> </u> | 112 | 12,752 | 0 | Rcvd | 512.12 kbit/s | 44.63 GB |
| 151. /22 | <u></u> | 788 | 293,628 | 0 | Sent Rcvd | 1.06 Gbit/s | 381.67 GB |

Showing 1 to 4 of 4 rows





Spotting Issues [3/3]

Autonomous Systems



10 -

15

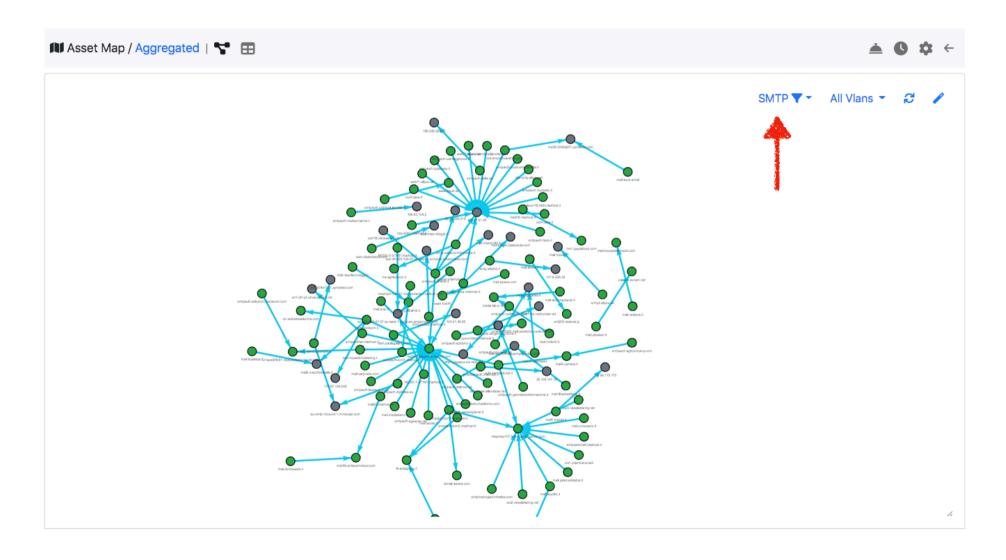
| AS number | Hosts | Name | Seen Since | Score | Alerted Flows | Breakdown | Throughput | Traffic |
|-----------|-------|-------------------------|------------|---------|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| 24994 | 2507 | genesys informatica srl | 08:54:25 | 795,686 | | Sent Rcvd | 451.62 Mbit/s | 2.22 TB |
| 30722 | 2260 | Vodafone Italia S.p.A. | 08:54:25 | 120,452 | | Sent Rcvd | 33.65 Mbit/s | 249.81 GB |
| 3269 | 3053 | Telecom Italia S.p.A. | 08:54:25 | 98,442 | | Se Rovd | 37.97 Mbit/s | 234.94 GB |
| 12874 | 1439 | Fastweb SpA 🔀 | 08:54:25 | 62,909 | | Ser Rcvd | 39.0 Mbit/s | 229.01 GB |
| 16276 | 878 | OVH SAS 🔀 | 08:54:25 | 49,774 | | Sent Rcvd | 26.17 Mbit/s | 47.51 GB |
| 1267 | 1733 | WIND TRE S.P.A. | 08:54:25 | 27,540 | | Se Rovd | 48.83 Mbit/s | 130.83 GB |
| 5602 | 103 | IRIDEOS S.P.A. | 08:54:25 | 24,701 | | Sent Rcvd | 120.76 kbit/s | 16.94 GB |
| 15169 | 3806 | Google LLC 🔀 | 08:54:25 | 26,332 | | Sen Rcvd | 8.39 Mbit/s | 58.76 GB |
| 13335 | 4262 | Cloudflare, Inc. | 08:54:25 | 22,851 | | Sent Rcvd | 12.64 Mbit/s | 47.56 GB |
| 398324 | 126 | Censys, Inc. 🔼 | 08:54:25 | 20,156 | | Sent Rcvd | 45.04 kbit/s | 50.53 MB |

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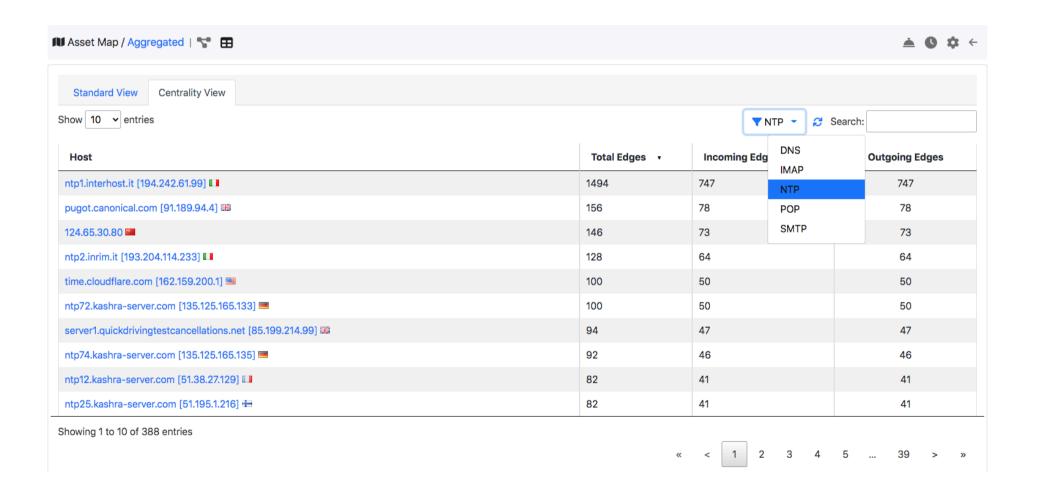


Know Your Network [1/2]



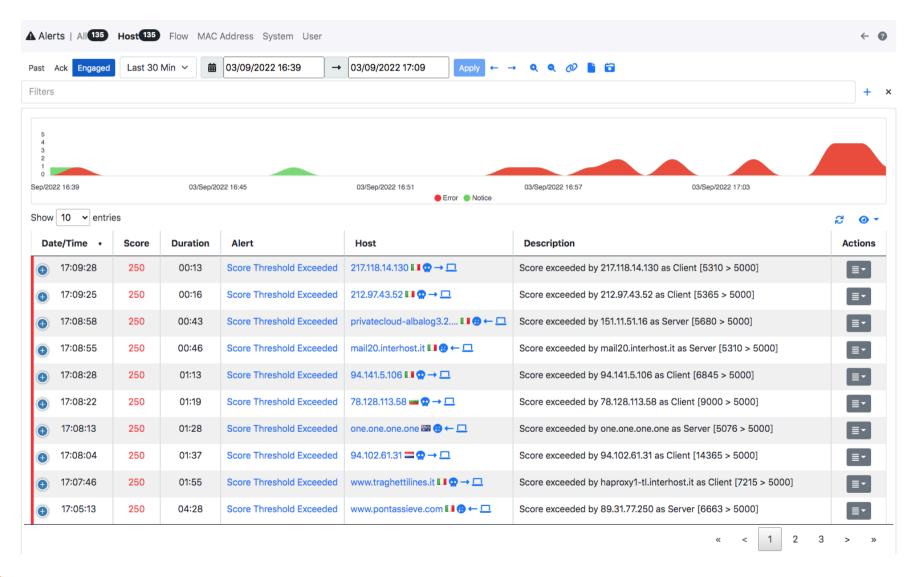


Know Your Network [2/2]





From Alerts to Actions [1/2]

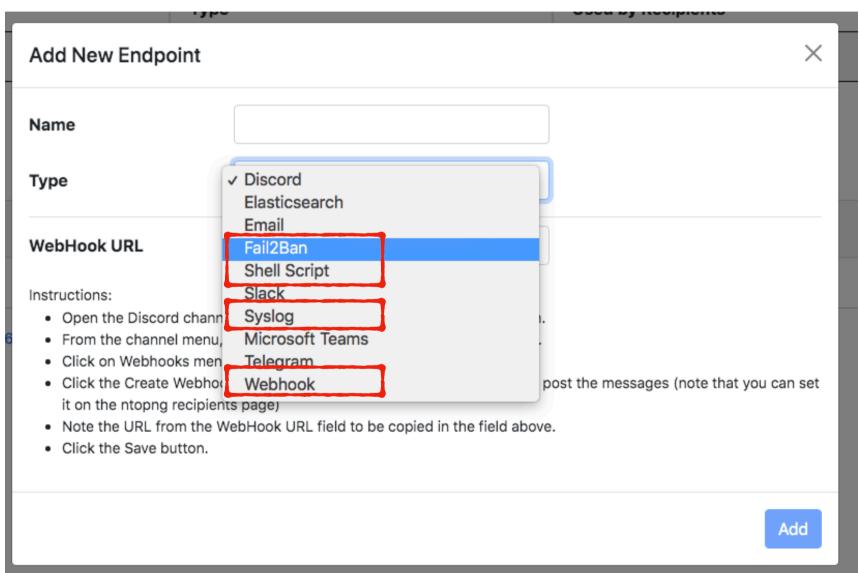




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18

From Alerts to Actions [2/2]





Final Remarks

- Over the past 20+ years ntop created open source software framework for efficiently monitoring traffic.
- Commodity hardware, with adequate software, can now match the performance and flexibility that modern network operators require.



Many thanks to Hosting Solutions for supporting this work!

