



KINDNS

An Initiative to Promote DNS Operational Best Practices

October 10th 2024

Ulrich Wisser

Regional Technical Engagement Manager, Europe ICANN

What Is It?

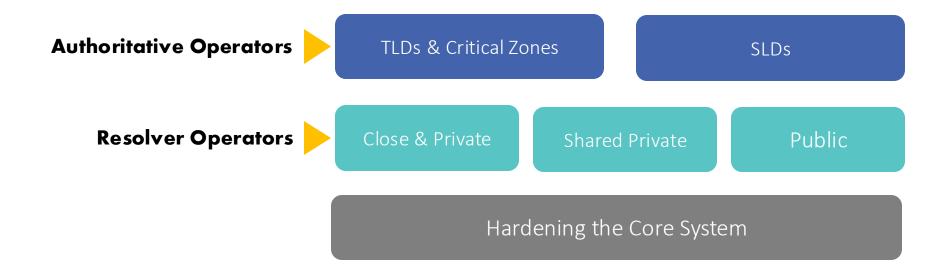
Knowledge-sharing and Instantiating Norms for DNS (Domain Name System) and Naming Security

A simple framework that can help a wide variety of DNS operators, from small to large, to follow both the evolution of the DNS protocol and the best practices that the industry identifies for better security and more effective DNS operations.

..... is pronounced "kindness"



Targeted Operators



- Each category has 6-8 practices that we will encourage operators to implement. See www.kindns.org, for more details
- By joining KINDNS, DNS operators are voluntarily committing to adhere to these identified practices and act as "goodwill ambassadors" within the community.



Authoritative DNS Operators of Critical Zones

1. MUST be DNSSEC signed and follow key management best practices

- 2. Transfer between authoritative servers MUST be limited
- 3. Zone file integrity MUST be controlled
- 4. Authoritative and recursive nameservers MUST run on separate infrastructure
- **5.** A minimum of two distinct nameservers **MUST** be used for any given zone
- 6. There MUST be diversity in the operational infrastructure: Network, Geographical, Software
- 7. The infrastructure that makes up your DNS infrastructure MUST be monitored



Authoritative DNS Operators of SLDs

1. MUST be DNSSEC signed and follow key management best practices	1. MUST	be DNSSEC	signed and	I follow ke	v management	best practices
--	---------	-----------	------------	-------------	--------------	----------------

- 2. Transfer between authoritative servers MUST be limited
- 3. Zone file integrity MUST be controlled
- 4. Authoritative and recursive nameservers MUST run on separate infrastructure
- **5.** A minimum of two distinct nameservers **MUST** be used for any given zone
- **6.** Authoritative servers for a given zone **MUST** run from diversified infrastructure
- 7. The infrastructure that makes up your DNS infrastructure MUST be monitored



SLDs

Closed & Private Resolver Operators

Private resolvers are not publicly accessible and cannot be reached over the open internet. They are typically found in corporate networks or other restricted-access networks

Closed & Private resolvers

- 1. DNSSEC validation MUST be enabled
- 2. Access control list (ACL) statements **MUST** be used to restrict who may send recursive queries
- 3. QNAME minimization MUST be enabled
- **4.** Authoritative and recursive nameservers **MUST** run on separate infrastructure
- 5. At least two distinct servers MUST be used for providing recursion services
- 6. The infrastructure that makes up your DNS infrastructure MUST be monitored
- 7. DoT (DNS-over-TLS) or DoH (DNS-over-HTTPS) SHOULD be enabled



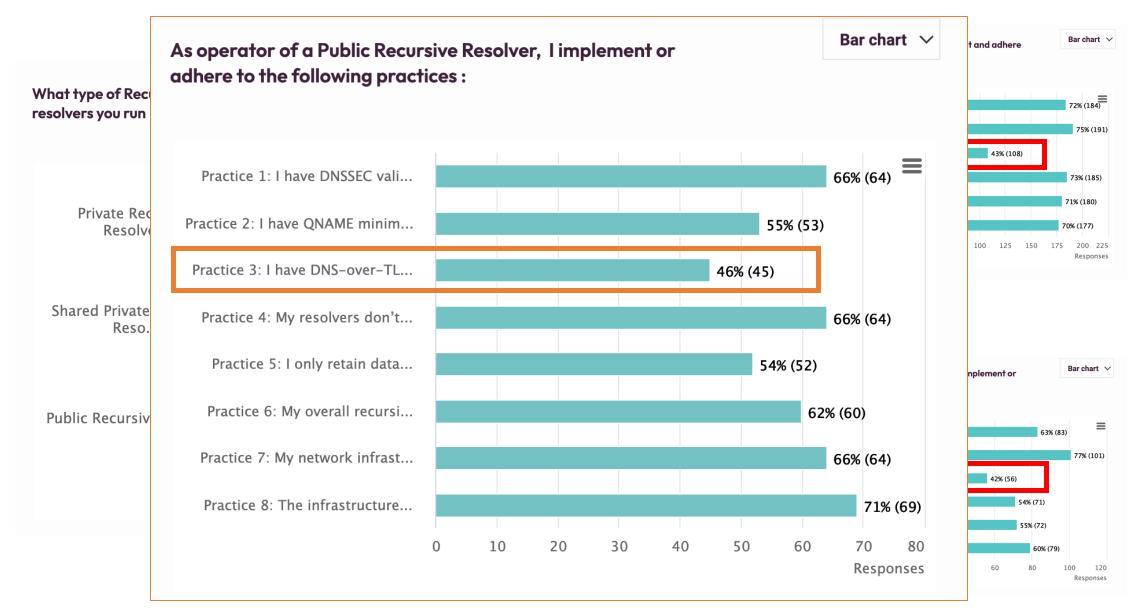
Public Resolver Operators

"Fully open" public DNS resolvers are available to any users on the Internet freely to use, whether they are stub resolvers (clients) or recursive servers using the open resolver as a forwarding service.

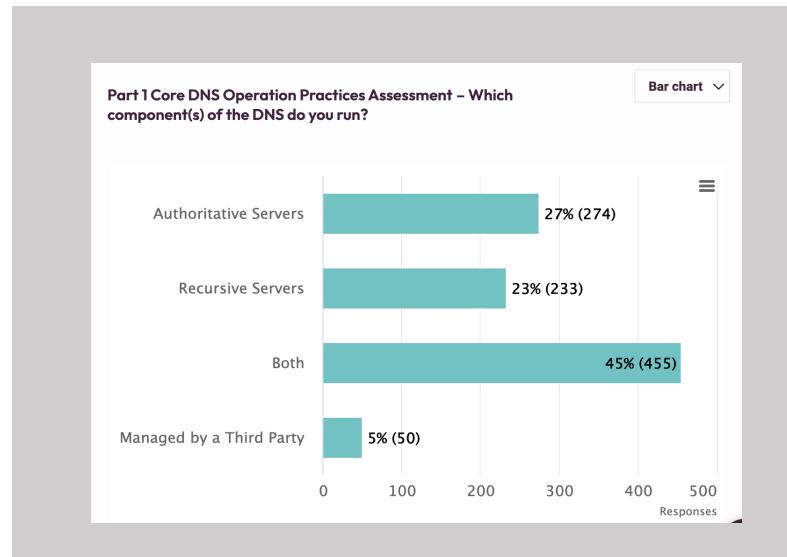
Closed & Private resolvers

- 1. DNSSEC validation MUST be enabled
- 2. DoT (DNS-over-TLS) or DoH (DNS-over-HTTPS) MUST be enabled
- 3. QNAME minimization MUST be enabled
- **4.** Authoritative and recursive nameservers **MUST** run on separate infrastructure
- 5. At least two distinct servers MUST be used for providing recursion services
- 6. The infrastructure that makes up your DNS infrastructure MUST be monitored
- **7.** DNS Query data **MUST** only be retained for as long as is necessary for the sound operation of the service offered















KINDNS v.2 - Discussion Points

- 1. Adding Response Rate Limiting (RRL) to Authoritative Servers' practice
 - ccTLD and critical Zone Operators
 - Other SLDs too?
- 2. Addressing 'Split' responsibilities for Authoritative servers' operation:
 - Zone file content is controlled by a third party. i.e Root server operators and the root zone itself, or registrars hosting DNS for registrants
- Access reliability: Reachability over IPv6, RPKI for the prefix used for the DNS servers.
- 4. Steering Committee and Community review team:
 - Volunteers to help steer the evolution KINDNS as framework and coordinate the initiative.



Stay Informed and Contribute



Website www.kindns.org

Twitter https://twitter.com/4KINDNS

E-Mail info@kindns.org

Mailing list kindns-discuss@icann.org

